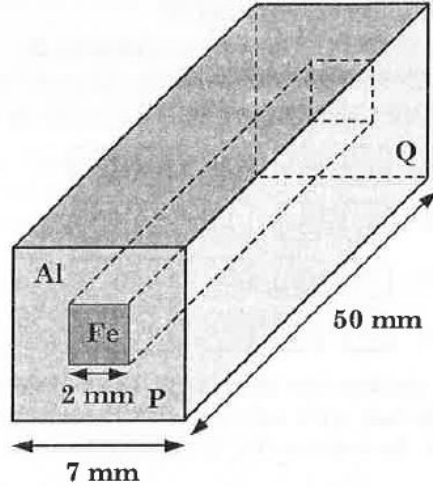


In an aluminum (Al) bar of square cross section, a square hole is drilled and is filled with iron (Fe) as shown in the figure. The electrical resistivities of Al and Fe are $2.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \text{ m}$ and $1.0 \times 10^{-7} \Omega \text{ m}$, respectively. The electrical resistance between the two faces P and Q of the composite bar is



- (A) $\frac{2475}{64} \mu\Omega$ (B) $\frac{1875}{64} \mu\Omega$ (C) $\frac{1875}{49} \mu\Omega$ (D) $\frac{2475}{132} \mu\Omega$

Solution

R_{Fe} & R_{Al} are in parallel. So, $\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R_{Fe}} + \frac{1}{R_{Al}}$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{R} = \frac{A_{Fe}}{\rho_{Fe}l} + \frac{A_{Al}}{\rho_{Al}l} \quad (\text{Where, } l = PQ)$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{l} \left(\frac{A_{Fe}}{\rho_{Fe}} + \frac{A - A_{Fe}}{\rho_{Al}} \right) \quad (\text{Where, } A = 7\text{mm} \times 7\text{mm})$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{50 \times 10^{-3}} \left(\frac{2 \times 10^{-3} \times 2 \times 10^{-3}}{1.0 \times 10^{-7}} + \frac{7 \times 10^{-3} \times 7 \times 10^{-3} - 2 \times 10^{-3} \times 2 \times 10^{-3}}{2.7 \times 10^{-8}} \right)$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{R} = 20 \left(40 + \frac{4500}{2.7} \right)$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{R} = 200 \left(4 + \frac{500}{3} \right) = \frac{200 \times 512}{3}$$

$$\therefore R = \frac{3}{200 \times 512} \Omega = \frac{3 \times 10^6}{200 \times 512} \mu\Omega = \frac{3 \times 625}{64} \mu\Omega = \frac{1875}{64} \mu\Omega$$

Hence, Option (B).